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# The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

THE  
OVERLAND CHINA MAIL  
(PUBLISHED EVERY  
MAIL DAY.)  
Contains the Week's News  
of Hongkong and the  
Far East  
Prices (including Postage) to any  
part of the world \$13  
per annum.

No. 16796

號四十月三年七十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1917.

巳丁亥歲年六國民華中

PRICE, 25 00 Per Month

## THORNE'S OLD VAT No. 4. SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS:  
A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.  
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
HONGKONG.  
TEL. 616.



ANY EUROPEAN, NON-ASIATIC or  
INDIAN desiring to leave the  
Colony should apply in person at the  
Central Police Station between the hours  
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.  
daily.  
Applicants will be required to produce  
Passports or identification papers. All  
persons, with certain exceptions, who  
remain in the Colony for more than  
7 days are required to register their  
names under the REGISTRATION OF  
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms  
of Registration giving the particulars  
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.,  
and at all Police Stations.  
The Penalty for non-compliance is a  
fine not exceeding \$50.

## PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

### TIME TABLE.

#### WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

#### NIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.30 p.m. to 11.00  
p.m. every half hour.  
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of  
an hour.

#### SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
6.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

#### NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

#### SATURDAY.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,  
Des Voeux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for  
all cars not already full running at the  
time stated in the Company's time tables,  
but not for special cars, can be obtained  
on application at the Company's Office.  
No Season ticket will be issued until  
payment therefor has been made in Bank  
Notes or by Cheque or Compro order  
representing Bank Notes.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
General Managers.

THE FIRST CHINESE NEWSPAPER  
EVER ISSUED UNDER  
PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

## The Chinese Mail

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THE LEADING CHINESE POLITICAL AND  
COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.

CONTAINS THE MOST RELIABLE  
TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM  
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VARIOUS PORTS IN CHINA AND JAPAN.

\$17.00 per Annum delivered in Hongkong  
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8,000 Tons, 4,000 Horse Power now Built.  
Steel Building Work of every Description.  
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.  
Prompt Attention and Shipment to Destination.  
INJECTORS AND STEAM PUMPS.  
W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.  
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.  
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### DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS

HUDSON  
AND  
OVERLAND  
MOTOR  
CARS



GREY  
HARLEY  
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MOTOR  
CYCLES

TELEPHONE 432.

COME AND INSPECT

BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

### WARD OFF THE COUGH

WITH  
CRUICKSHANK'S COUGH BALSAM.

It soothes the inflamed lungs and bronchial tubes,  
cures the cough and gives strength against future  
attacks.

\$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE

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### THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

### PURE Manila ROPE

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CABLE LAD  
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3" to 10"

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to  
Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

## WATSON'S E

THE PREMIER SCOTCH OF  
THE FAR EAST  
FOR 25 YEARS.

POPULARITY MAINTAINED BY ITS EXCELLENT  
QUALITY. NOT BY EXPENSIVE WORLD-WIDE  
ADVERTISING.

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HONGKONG.

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### THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON  
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have  
over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft  
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 428.

Slipway: Shum-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 9.

Estimates furnished on application.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

## BUSINESS NOTICES

**TAIKOO DOCKYARD.**  
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES.  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.  
THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY  
OF HONGKONG LTD.  
AGENTS:  
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TELEPHONE No. 212

### GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

## PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

### SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS

## THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

## GRILL ROOM

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## PEAK HOTEL.

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies  
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Terms:—From \$5 per day max.

Telegraph add: "Peaceful,"  
P. O. PEUSTER,  
Manager.

## TO THOSE GOING HOME

Keep in touch with local happenings  
by subscribing to

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All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.

ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE  
IT WHILE AT HOME.

PRICE \$13 PER ANNUM, INCLUDING POSTAGE.

CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE

"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

## THE WAR.

### LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

#### THE CAPTURE OF BAGDAD.

FRENCH AND ITALIAN  
APPRECIATION.

LONDON, March 13.

The comments of the French and  
Italian Press on the capture of  
Bagdad are even more enthusiastic  
than the British, while the Neutral  
Press is greatly impressed by the  
significance of the British victory.

PARIS, March 13.

The Chairman of the Municipal  
Council, prior to proceeding to the  
business of the meeting, referred to  
the capture of Bagdad, saying that  
Frenchmen rejoiced at this fresh  
proof of the indomitable energy of  
the British.

The *Matin* anticipates that Pales-  
tine and then Syria, will fall into  
the hands of the British, assisted by  
the Arabs.

The *Temps*, the *Figaro*, and other  
papers emphasise that the glorious  
feat of arms has definitely ended  
Germany's dream of Eastern expan-  
sion and they anticipate a speedy  
co-operation of the British and  
Russians.

The British advance is described  
as a veritable thunderbolt. This  
sums up French opinion which is  
surprised at the rapidity of General  
Maude's march.

The *Temps* says that Bagdad is  
the greatest victory achieved by the  
Entente for months.

The *Deutsche* says it is the first act  
in the great Anglo-Russian battle  
against the Turks.

ITALIAN CONGRATULATIONS.

ROME, March 12.

The British Embassy is inundated  
with congratulations on the fall of  
Bagdad. Many telegrams have been  
sent to Mr. Lloyd George.

The newspapers are most enthu-  
siastic. They declare that Great  
Britain is, even militarily, now the  
mainstay of the Entente.

#### DUTCH OPINION.

AMSTERDAM, March 12.

The Dutch newspapers are unani-  
mous in regarding the fall of  
Bagdad as finally disposing of  
Germany's dreams of a Berlin to  
Bagdad railway. They declare that  
it is inconceivable that Great Britain  
should restore Mesopotamia to  
Turkey.

#### GERMAN COMMENT ON THE TURKISH DEFEAT.

AMSTERDAM, March 13.

There is an undercurrent of real  
concern in German comment on the  
fall of Bagdad.

The *Cologne Gazette* says it is a  
great success. "All the bazaars  
in the East will resound with the news  
that the Persians (English) have beaten  
the soldiers of the Sultan of Turkey" and  
have conquered the romantic City of  
Bagdad. It would be a mistake to  
depreciate the importance of the success;  
nevertheless, it is firstly political." The  
paper consoles its readers by reminding  
them that while the British are getting  
further from their main base the Turks  
have approached theirs at Mosul.

The *Rheinisch Westfälische Zeitung* says  
the English have won a momentary but  
undeniable success, but when the Turks  
have been supplied with heavy artillery,  
Bagdad will not long tolerate the  
Anglo-Indian garrison.

The *Kölnische Zeitung* says the  
British have won an undoubt-  
able success. The surrender of Kut  
was rightly described as a heavy  
blow, and the fall of Bagdad naturally  
follows. It wires out the stain on  
British arms and is a striking success,  
all the more so after the English for-  
ward move at Sinai. Although the  
success is transitory and does not affect  
the decision of the war, it is a heavy  
blow against Turkey and painful for  
the quadruple alliance.

#### THE BRITISH CAPTURE OF IRLS.

A BRILLIANT AND CLEVER  
ENTERPRISE.

LONDON, March 13.

Reuter's Correspondent at Head-  
quarters says the details of the  
capture of Irls show it to be one  
of the most brilliant and the most  
clever enterprises since the German  
retreat.

The attack was made from the  
west and south. The southern as-  
sault started about dawn, when the  
British artillery directed a perfect  
tornado of fire on the enemy posi-  
tions. The enemy gunners promptly  
replied, but, though their barrage  
lasted through the forenoon, it  
caused little damage. The resis-  
tance generally was slight. A strong  
point, garrisoned by about fifty Ger-  
mans, put up a short but obstinate  
fight, but when a score of them were  
put out of action the remainder  
surrendered.

The success of the southern attack  
was facilitated by the western attack  
which was faultlessly timed. It  
came across the north of Irls and  
pinched out the garrison.

The southern force met a brisk  
fusillade approaching the village, but  
the enemy threw up the sponge when  
they found that they were caught in  
the rear.

Irls is excellently situated for  
defence, being on an eminence. Its  
occupation greatly strengthens our  
position in this sector.

#### THE WESTERN FRONT.

GERMAN REPORTS.

LONDON, March 13.

A German official report, trans-  
mitted by wireless, states:

An English attack on a wide front  
southward of Arras failed with heavy  
losses.

There has been lively fighting in  
the Amere region and on both banks  
of the Meuse.

Our fire turned back a French  
advance northward of Arr.

We stubbornly defended Hill 185  
against an attack by superior forces.  
The French by sanguinary sacrifice  
captured a narrow stretch on the  
south-western slope.

#### FRENCH REPORT.

A French communiqué states:  
The Germans west of Maison-de-  
Champagne last night violently  
counter-attacked Hill 185. Our bar-  
rage and machine-gun fire stopped  
the enemy dead. We maintained all  
our positions.

We took 150 prisoners yesterday,  
including three officers.

An enemy coup-de-main in the  
region of Louvenmont, on the right  
bank of the Meuse, was easily  
repulsed.

We made three coups-de-main  
on German trenches between Arras  
and the Aisne, which our fire had  
wrecked. We brought back pri-  
soners.

The Germans continue to bom-  
bard Soissons.

Enemy attempts to reach our lines  
on the Croupy road and the region  
of Beau-le-Chiroy and further east-  
ward failed.

There was lively artillery work in  
the sector of Troyon.

#### THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, March 13.

Silver is quoted at 86 1/2. There  
is no more offering and the market  
is steady.

(Continued on Page 5.)



## INTIMATIONS

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED & REDUCED.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, 25, George's Buildings, Water Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of March, 1917, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the year ending 31st December, 1916, and declaring a Dividend.

By Order of  
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.  
Hongkong, March 6, 1917. 1355

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED & REDUCED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, 1st March to SATURDAY, 31st March, 1917, both days inclusive. The return of Capital of \$2.50 per share will be paid to Shareholders on and after the 15th March, 1917, on presentation of Share Certificates for endorsement.

By Order of  
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.  
Hongkong, Feb. 22, 1917. 1353

HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the General Manager at 11.30 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd instant, to receive a Statement of the Company's Accounts to 31st December, 1916 and the Report of the General Manager.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, March 8, 1917. 1352

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Undersecretary, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.  
General Managers.  
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company Ltd.  
Hongkong, March 8, 1917. 1350

CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE THIRTY-NINTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Office of the General Manager, Pedder's Street, on FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1916.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to 30th March, both days inclusive.  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.  
General Agents.  
Hongkong, March 9, 1917. 1355

SILIMPON (SEBATTIK) COAL.

THE Undersigned having been appointed agents for the SIBBUK HARBOR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL trimmed into Bunkers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bunkers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

At Sebatik Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low water Spring Tides.

Charts of Sibbuk Bay (Sebatik Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.

Agents: Cebu Harbour Coal Company, Limited.

1927

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MR. LI HON YAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European Officials and Merchants in this Colony for ten years. He has a good command of English and is prepared to give a course of instruction in Chinese to those who are desirous of learning the language. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka. Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write to "The China Mail" Office or direct to No. 150, Wellington Street, second floor.

[1251]

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION NO. 1

THERAPION NO. 2

THERAPION NO. 3

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## INTIMATIONS

SEALED TENDERS.

1917-18.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the R. N. HOSPITAL until 10 a.m. on the 26th March 1917, from persons desirous of supplying BREAD, BUTTER, EGGS, LARD, OIL, SALT, SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, and other provisions, and necessaries for the year ending 31st March, 1918.

SEALED TENDERS will also be received for Coal (Akaite and Yabari). Printed Forms of Tender and further particulars can be obtained at the R. N. Hospital.

The right to reject the lowest or any Tender is reserved.

G. A. DREAHER.

Deputy Surgeon General.

R. N. HOSPITAL, Hongkong.

Hongkong, March 12, 1917. 1371

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

ALL outgoing and incoming steamers and steam-launches are hereby warned that when passing Hots Wharves, which are under construction with divers working, they must not pass within a distance of 50 yards of them and to slow down their speed to 4 knots.

C. W. BECKWITH.

Commander, R.N.

Harbour Master, &c.

Harbour Department.

Hongkong, March 12, 1917. 1372

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

NOTICE.

ON and after 12th March, 1917 the HOURS for the transaction of business by the Hongkong Savings Bank will be 10 a.m. to 12 Noon, Saturdays included.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

N. J. STARR.

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, March 5, 1917. 1352

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

CORNER BEEF

AND

CORNER PORK.

PUT UP IN KEYS AND BARRELS

FOR

EXPORT OR STEAMERS USE.

68

MARTIN'S

APIOL-STEEL

PILLS

MARTIN'S

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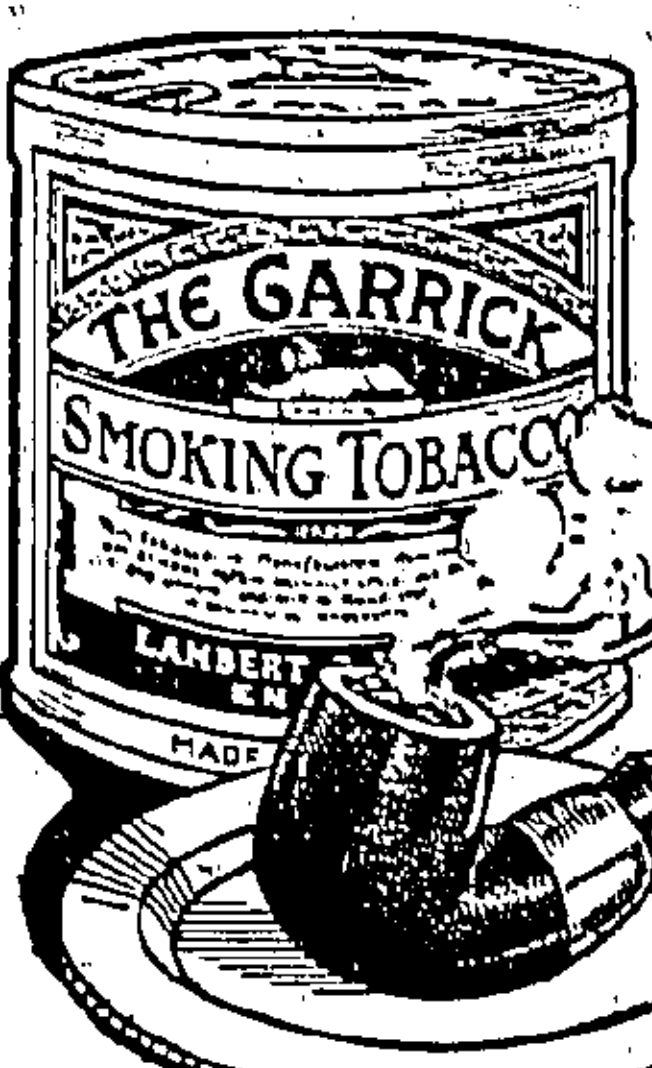
APIOL-STEEL

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MARTIN'S

Smokers of discrimination  
always select

The  
**GARRICK**  
SMOKING  
TOBACCO



It has the distinction  
of invigorating the  
nerves and brain of  
the business man.

Does not burn or  
irritate the  
throat.

# THE PRINCIPLE OF NATIONALITIES.

STATEMENT BY COUNT TISZA.

Amsterdam, January 25.—According to a Budapest telegram, in reply to a question by the Opposition party regarding President Wilson's address to the Senate, Count Tisza, the Premier, said that the Government was inclined to continue the further exchange of views with the United States on the subject of peace, and repeated that the Quadruple Alliance was ready to enter into negotiations with terms calculated to serve as a basis for a lasting peace. He proceeded:

On the other hand, the conditions of peace contained in the reply of our enemies to the United States are equivalent at least to the disintegration of the Monarchy and of the Ottoman Empire. . . . We are, therefore, forced to resist with our utmost strength so long as this is the war aim of our enemies. In such circumstances there can be no doubt which group of Powers by its attitude is the obstacle to peace and which group by its attitude approximates to President Wilson's conception.

So long as the Powers opposed to us do not substantially change their war aims, an antagonism that cannot be bridged exists between their standpoint and President Wilson's peace aims. I will not dilate on the question what moral justification England and Russia have to lay stress on the principle of nationalities in a peace programme which would destroy the Hungarian nation and deliver the Mahomedan population of the Bosphorus region into Russian domination. But I say that the whole of public opinion in Hungary holds the principle of nationalities in honour.

The principle of nationalities in the formation of national States, however, can only unrestrictedly prevail where single nations live within sharply marked ethnographical boundaries in compact masses and in regions suited for the organization of a State. In territories where various races live intermingled it is impossible that every single race can form a national State. In such territories it is only possible to create a State without national character or one on which the race, which by its numbers and importance, predominates, imprints a national character.

In such circumstances, therefore, only that limited realization of the principle of nationalities is possible which the President of the United States rightly expresses in making the demand that security of life, religion, and individual and social development should be guaranteed to all peoples. I believe that nowhere is this demand realized to such a degree as in both States of the Monarchy. I believe that in the regions of South-Eastern Europe, which are inhabited by a varied mixture of peoples and nations, the demand for the free

development of nations cannot be more completely realized than it is by the consistency and domination of the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy. (Cheers.) We feel ourselves, therefore, completely in agreement with the demands of the President of the United States. We shall strive for the realization so far as is possible, of this principle in the regions lying in our immediate neighbourhood. I can only repeat that, true to our traditional foreign policy and true to the standpoint which we took up in our peace action in conjunction with our Allies, we are ready to do everything that will guarantee to the peoples of Europe the blessings of lasting peace. I beg you to take cognizance of my reply. (Loud cheers.) The House unanimously took cognizance of the Premier's reply.—Reuter.

## ANCHORED MINES IN OPEN SEAS.

We (*Gazette de Hollande*) published recently a statement by the Wolf Bureau on the subject of mines laid indiscriminately on the high seas. It will be remembered that Wolf endeavoured to explain that it was not Germany but Britain who was responsible. A stinging reply to this amazing assertion has appeared in the *Hanischblatt*.—The assertion that Germany lays mines in the open seas has been made in Holland as well as in Britain. We repeat this belief and it is to us a matter of great regret that the latest Orange Book gives no indication of the Government having done anything to oppose this entirely illegal practice. It is perhaps desirable to restate the grounds for this belief and also why we think the Wolf Bureau (the German Government) begs the question. It has nothing to do with floating mines which have not been rendered harmless. We are convinced mines are laid in the shipping routes. No one who sees the reports of captains can doubt this. The ships go by day, only and floating mines for which a special look out is kept, are almost as visible as a buoy. The mining of ships must thus be accomplished almost invariably by mines deliberately placed and anchored so that they will remain below surface. The same conclusion is indicated by the positions, in which the ships are struck. A floating mine strikes a ship by the water line, an anchored mine strikes lower down.

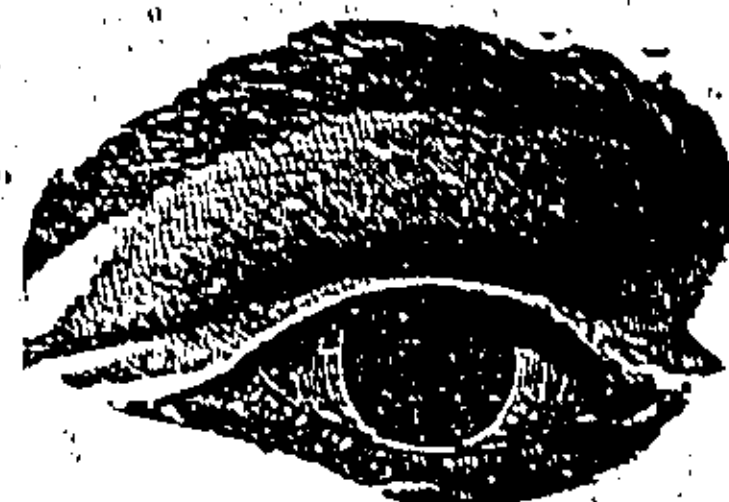
THE REAL QUESTION.—If, then, there exists strong reason to suppose that anchored mines are laid in the shipping routes, there can be no doubt who lays the mines. No normal man would suggest that Britain lays mines where British ships do, but hostile ships do not, navigate, where apart from British there are only neutral ships as often as not carrying British goods. If Britain does not lay the mines there is only one other country that can, and that is Germany. We know, sends out submarines to lay mines round Britain. That country has a real interest in the destruction of British and neutral shipping, and that country is Germany. What does Germany say in her endeavour to slip the blame off her shoulders? That more British than German mines are cast up on the Dutch coast.

That is true, and it is true, too, that Britain has laid mine fields on a large scale in the North Sea. Whether she has or has not a right to do this, the fact remains that in the case of British mines adequate warning is given of the position and extent of the fields.

Wolf says German mines become harmless when they break from their moorings. As a rule both German and British mines do this. The assertion that British mines explode when cast ashore is untrue. We understand that the Dutch authorities are of opinion that the British mines are not more dangerous than the German when they break loose.

But the complaint is not directed against mines which break away from their moorings. In most cases such mines become harmless. The complaint is that in the few routes still open to our shipping and along which our grain imports must come, as well as the traffic to and from our colonies, anchored mines are laid. If all this is not sufficient for our Government to charge Germany with laying mines without warning, surely an enquiry at least would not be misplaced.

## INTIMATIONS



YOUR EYES

SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.

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### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

### FRIDAY,

the 16th March, 1917, at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street—

Indian and Persian Rugs of various colours and designs, sizes ranging from 24 by 36 to 124 by 12.  
Twill Sheets (large and small size).  
Turkish Towels.  
White and Cream Lace Curtains.  
Print Bedspreads and Ladies Silk Sweater Coats.  
The above are new goods and will be sold considerably below cost price due to closing up of business.  
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, March 7, 1917. 1507

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

### FRIDAY,

the 16th March, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,  
Comprising:—  
Double and Single Iron Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Wagon, etc., Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Chesterfield Sofa, Arm-chairs, &c., Wardrobes and Toilet Tables, Cots, &c., Miscellaneous Furniture, Bed-top Desks, Blackwood Ware, including Cabinets, Wardrobes, Stands, &c., Brass Fenders and Fire Brackets, a few lots of Porcelains, &c., Pantry, Bath Room and Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c., &c.

A few lots of Brass Finger Bowls, &c., (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)  
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, March 9, 1917. 1509

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

### SATURDAY,

the 17th March, 1917, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street—

Table Cloths, Towels, Lace Curtains, Blue Serge, White Alpaca and Serge, Dress Material, Summer Material, Blankets, Counterpanes, 200 pairs Lady's Boots and Shoes, Gents' and Lady's Handkerchiefs, Stockings, Singlets, Socks, Collars, Shirts, &c.

A number of cases of Honey Toilet Soap and Suit Cases.  
Terms:—Cash.

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Hongkong, March 13, 1917. 1573

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Full particulars may be had from the undersigned.  
Terms:—as usual.

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Hongkong Feb. 1917. 1474

## AUCTIONS.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 27th and 28th March, 1917, commencing each day at 2.15 p.m., at "Braeside Hotel," 20 Macdonnell Road, THE WARE OF THE

### VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

&c., &c., &c., therein contained.  
Comprising:—  
Hall Stands, Large Mirror in Blackwood Frame, Side Tables, Upholstered Arm-chairs and Sofas by Lane Crawford, Blackwood Cabinets and Stands, several Carpets and Rugs (Axminster) including one large Pile Carpet, Paintings and Pictures, &c., large carved Oakwood Sideboard, Dinner Waggon, large and small Dining Tables, Chairs, a large quantity of Table Linen, &c., Electro plate and Cutlery, including a number of Silver Articles, large and small Teakwood Wardrobes with Mirrors, Double and Single Bedsteads, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Toilet Sets, Bed Linen and Blankets, Bathroom Utensils, large Ice Chests, Pantry and Kitchen Utensils, including a large Cooking Stove, &c., &c., &c.

Two Pianos (one by Collard and Collard), Tennis Net and Poles, full size Croquet Set, Lawn Mower, Garden Tools, Wire Netting.

A very fine Assortment of Pot Plants, Palms, &c.  
On view from Monday, 26th inst.  
Catalogues will be issued.

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Hongkong, March 9, 1917. 1507

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ARE MORE FAITHFUL TO THE ORIGINAL, WHETHER THE HUMAN VOICE OR INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

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makes blood—lots of it—life giving, brain nourishing, strength replenishing blood.

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## THE PEAK SCHOOL.

### DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

Yesterday afternoon, Lady May presented, in the lounge of the Peak Hotel, the prizes gained by the pupils of the Peak School. There was quite a large attendance for such an occasion, amongst those present being the Bishop of Victoria and Mr. Ralphs, Inspector of English Schools.

The pupils provided an entertainment of songs and recitations, after which Mr. Ralphs read the report for the year ending 1916 as follows:—

The School has now completed its third year, which closes with 50 pupils on the roll: 32 new pupils have been admitted and 16 have left during this period. The general health of the School, which has been visited quarterly by Dr. McKenny, has been very good, although an outbreak of whooping cough in July, which threatened to become an epidemic and which continued well on to the beginning of October, was the cause of a considerably decreased attendance during the months of July, September and October.

Another reason for the low average attendance in the summer months was that from the beginning of May many pupils were away either at Weihaiwei or in Japan, many of them not returning until the end of October. Only nine children have attended regularly throughout the year. During October and November the School again filled, the latter month having the record attendance of 43. With the increased attendance the difficulties of suitable classification were felt.

In Mrs. Main's Class, which is taught in three Divisions, the work done is very satisfactory. The older children read English and French extremely well; Arithmetic is very good, but Writing in some cases calls for attention. Discipline, which I was obliged to criticise somewhat severely last year, is now excellent. Miss Skinner's Class is taught in four Divisions. Reading in the senior Division is very good. Brushwork is satisfactory. The Infant's Class taught by Miss Rodger is in two Divisions. Kindergarten work is good, but very little is done, as it is understood that parents do not desire it. French is very good; the children are able to understand orders given to them in French. Many parents have expressed their gratification that the children should begin at such an early age to use simple French phrases. Singing, also in French, is good. Drill is evidently much liked by the pupils; exercises are vigorously and smartly carried out. Breathing exercises are correctly done, and the Medical Officer reports that the chest measurements of the children have been increased thereby. As at the Victoria British School it is noticeable that physical exercises are done better by girls than by boys. Simple games suited to the space, at the disposal of the pupils are played daily. The Hon. Mr. Claud Severn has offered the school the use of a playing field which adjoins his house, but unfortunately the distance between the school and the field is so great that the children have not so far been able to avail themselves of his kindness. Athletic Sports were, however, held on the ground in April. Prizes were provided by friends of the School, and the children displayed great enthusiasm and no little prowess in the various events. There was a large attendance of parents and others, and tea was provided by Mr. Severn who very kindly assumed the role of host on the occasion. The older children have recently started a fund, to which they subscribe a small sum weekly, for the support of one prisoner of war in Germany. Many of the children assisted on Rodeo Day and Heather Day.

Mr. Ralphs mentioned a sum of £4 had already been sent and another £4 was ready. He also said he wished to thank Mr. Miller for allowing the children to use her tennis courts and also Mr. Poulter, the manager of the Peak Hotel, for the room in which they were assembled.

On behalf of Lady May, Mr. Ralphs said: Lady May has asked me to say a few words to you on her behalf. Her Ladyship desires me to express the great pleasure she feels in being present to-day and in distributing the prizes. Some one has said recently that it should be our object to train our children for work and leisure, to fit the growing generation for service of home, society and the state, to admit all to the quest for goodness, truth and beauty, to make of our children better and happier citizens. This is the old object all in the

Peak School are striving to attain. The ideal is high, but however short of it we may fall, I think you will agree that the school is progressing towards that ideal. If we were to ask Lady May what she would like best to see in a school, I know she would reply: "Happy faces."

I venture to say that happy faces in a school are an indication that there is very little amiss, and whenever I have visited this school I have never seen any but the happiest of faces, faces full of interest in the occupation of the moment. It is well to remember that the training which makes us happiest in ourselves also makes us most serviceable to others, and on the other hand when we are most serviceable to others we are happiest in ourselves; this I know our children are realising in the little sacrifices they make to provide funds out of which they maintain one British prisoner of war in Germany. Lady May congratulates the school, and expresses her very best wishes for its continued progress.

The Prize list was as follows:—

Class III.—Form Prize, Regular Attendance for three years, Annie Miller; Composition, Alice Morton; French, Reading and Geography, Angel Osmiston.

Class IV.—Form Prize, Veronica Butcherfield; History and Geography, Gwen Steadman; General Progress, Esme Scott; Writing and Dictation, Billie Dunbar; Geography, Drawing and Brushwork, Barbara James.

Class V.—Reading and French, June Looker; Arithmetic, John Lander; General Knowledge, Jack Churchill; Reading, Dictation and Physical Exercise, Tom Churchill; Arithmetic and Writing, Jim Messer; Composition, Writing and Needlework, Elida Butterfield.

Class VI.—Form Prize, Sheila Tisdall; Geography and History, Jack Miller; French, Wendy Roberts; Arithmetic, David Ellis; Writing and Composition, Lucy Norton.

Class VII.—Writing, Henry Butterfield.

Class VIII.—Arithmetic, Ronald Armstrong; Writing, Alec Pearce; Reading, William Hancock; Drawing and Brushwork, Gordon Chatham; Arithmetic and Dictation, Berty Carter; General Progress, Ben Humphreys; Handwork and Writing, Chas. Butterfield; General Progress, Bryan Adams.

Kindergarten—Writing, Heath Messer; French Dictation, Buster Churchill; General Progress, Binkie Tisdall.

Master Donald Hogg and Miss Pamela Potter then presented Lady May with a fine basket of flowers and the pupils expressed their thanks to Her Ladyship by a hearty clapping of hands.

### THE COMING GREAT STRUGGLE.

#### WHOLE NATION HARNESSING INTO THE EFFORT.

A Pioneer (Allahabad) cable, dated London, February 21, says:—

The new policy of taking the nation into confidence over the coming operations has had a stimulating effect. Mr. Arthur Henderson and Mr. Neville Chamberlain have both spoken of the prospect of ending the war this summer by victorious operations and the utterances of Lord Milner, Curzon and Lytton have added to the degree of publicity which hitherto has been absent from speculation of the campaign.

It is realised everywhere that between March and August a decisive struggle will take place and the whole nation is being harnessed into the effort and nerved for the test. The Germans are making great efforts to collect new armies, are massing them on neutral borders on the west and have already begun feverish raids at various parts of the line. Our own ceaseless method of harassing assaults has had a great moral effect and the resumption of operations on the more towards Bapaume has been worth all other winter operations put together. Work on the Bapaume flank has also shown that in the interval of rest the enemy has not been able to entrench himself to any degree of safety from the artillery and infantry tactics of the British. The Acre operations demonstrate the upper hand we have in our methods, and the confidence of our armies in their ability to smash the enemy this year is most pronounced. No armies were ever better equipped.

### BEHN MEYER & CO. SING GERMAN SHIPOWNERS.

#### SUITS FOR HALF A MILLION DOLLARS.

Messrs. Behn, Meyer and Company, of Manila, have filed suits in the Courts seeking the recovery of the amounts of money furnished the 23 German vessels interned in Philippine ports, which have just been seized by the authorities.

The owners of the various steamers are made the defendants in the actions; and it is alleged in the complaints that the money is due the local shipping firm for advances for the provisioning of the crews and for transportation of the vessel's crews.

The aggregate amount of judgments sought by plaintiffs approximates half a million pesos.

The German papers announce that the German Emperor telegraphed from General Headquarters in reply to the birthday congratulations of the Academy of Sciences as follows:—"The unshakable determination to achieve victory of the German people, which is prepared for every sacrifice of blood and treasure, will lead to God, preserve the Fatherland from the ruin planned by our enemies, and will enforce by the sword the peace necessary for the blessed (segensreich) development of our people."

## ACTRESS SUED.

### BANDMAN ARTIST'S ENGAGEMENT.

#### A CALCUTTA CASE.

A case of unusual interest was heard in the Small Cause Court, Calcutta, recently, in a suit for attachment before judgment, of an engagement ring valued at Rs. 300, in which the plaintiff was Mr. Frank Newell, and the defendant was Miss Addie Leigh, one of the principals of the Bandman Opera Company.

Mr. Arnowitz, for the plaintiff, said that his client had been on friendly terms with defendant for the past four years, and that he gave her the ring as a token of a marriage engagement. It was not for the value of the ring that his client brought this suit, but on principle.

Plaintiff, examined, said he first met defendant some years ago at Hongkong. He made a proposal of marriage to her by letter, and when she came to Calcutta, she accepted the proposal of engagement.

The defendant arrived in Calcutta some time in October or November. He placed the ring on the lady's engagement finger. Plaintiff further said that the manager of the Bandman Opera Company wanted to announce the engagement to the public, but he asked him not to. The ring was accepted as a token of an engagement, or why should he subsequently break it off owing to her actions? Plaintiff stated that he had made an appointment with the defendant to take her to see the race for the Victoria Cup, but she declined to go. That same afternoon a total stranger, a young subaltern, came to visit, and the defendant paid him undue attention.

Mr. Arnowitz: Was he a smart young sub?—Mr. Newell: An unusually smart chap; a boy who had just left home. That is not the only instance.

Mr. Arnowitz said his client had given her presents to the value of Rs. 2,500 or Rs. 3,000, and he had a list of them.

Mr. Newell: I deny that statement. The plaintiff was then cross-examined by Mr. Newell as follows:—

Are you a married man?—I am a widower.

When did your wife die?—I suppose about 12 or 15 months ago. I am getting evidence on that matter.

At the time you proposed, you were not aware she was dead?—I had heard a rumour.

Is that an honourable thing to do?—Miss Leigh knew that.

You don't know if your wife is dead?—Not definitely.

How can you propose if you do not know whether she is dead?

Plaintiff replied that he was getting evidence of her death. In fact he had received a cable to that effect.

Did Miss Leigh promise to marry you?—Plaintiff: Yes.

I put it to you that she never promised?—I have evidence on that point.

I put it to you it was merely an understanding?—Ridiculous. My partner and half of Calcutta knew it.

Did you break off the engagement?—Yes. She did not treat me as she should.

Mr. Newell here read the following letter:—"My Dear Addie,—After a night of sleeplessness and bitter reflections, and reviewing the events of the last 24 hours, I write to ask you to release me from my engagement. I cannot express in this the great sorrow and anguish this causes me; but I can see that if you loved me you would not treat me in the manner you have done. I don't wish to dwell on any points before your vision save only that your new-found friends, apparently in your estimation are more worthy of your time and consideration than myself; but I am not a 'jellyfish.' I refuse to stand it, even though it cost my life's happiness. I hear you are bitterly incensed over what you consider my unmanly behaviour; but reviewing the facts I cannot bring myself to blame. This letter has caused me some most sorrowful thoughts; nay more, it is the greatest grief of my life, the realisation of which you will know. My heart's ideals and hopes are completely shattered; and I care not how soon the end may come. I regret I cannot see you to say good-bye. I wish you all this happiness in life which you crave for. Believe me, always your heart-broken Frank."

Asked why he wanted an attachment, plaintiff stated that at one time he was an advance agent in the Bandman Opera Company, and he knew of several cases of dismissal and breaking off of contracts; and as the defendant holds a contract in Australia, she might not return.

Mr. Robbins, giving judgment, said:—It is admitted by plaintiff that defendant is under contract with the Bandman Opera Company to return to Calcutta in a few months. I think he has failed to show that defendant is leaving with any intention to delay execution of any decree. It is not necessary for me to enter into any other question of this application. The application is dismissed.

IF YOU FEEL A COLD APPROACHING

a hot bath at bed-time and a dose of Pinkettes, the little gentle-natured laxatives, form the best preventative.


**PINKETTES**

dispel Constipation, Biliousness, torpid liver, sick headaches, and clear the complexion. OF CHEMISTS, or 60 cents the tin from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 24 Southwark Road, Singapore.

## INTIMATIONS

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**SANAPHOS**



THE IDEAL RECONSTRUCTIVE NERVE FOOD  
A VALUABLE RESTORATIVE IN NEURALGIA, NERVOUS DEPRESSION AND ANEMIA

### Tempting, Palatable, Wholly Digestible.

Earlier and inferior products, representing the effort to give the nerves directly the nourishment they cannot get from ordinary food, are now displaced by the more scientific and more highly perfected All-British "SANAPHOS." It is a Condition, Lack of Tone, Convalescence, and in the severer cases of Shattered Nerves, "Sanaphos" is a

producing results which are truly remarkable. Unlike earlier products which were only partly digestible, "Sanaphos" is wholly assimilable. In the words of an eminent scientist it "makes straight for nerve nutrition and repair." It is a white powder which dissolves in water, making a tempting and palatable beverage. Benefit is felt almost immediately.

"Sanaphos" is sold by all Chemists. Stocks are held by and requests for samples should be addressed to—Fletcher & Co., Ltd., 10, The Arcade, Hong Kong.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East—Datta Brothers, Ltd., Middlesex Street, London, England.

FOR FITNESS AND EFFICIENCY DRINK

**HORLICK'S MALTED MILK**  
(MALTED BARLEY, WHEAT, & MILK)

GIVES STRENGTH AND MAINTAINS IT. INVALUABLE ON THE MARCH AND IN CAMP. REFRESHING AND DELICIOUS. ENDORSED AND RECOMMENDED BY LEADING ATHLETES AND PHYSICAL CULTURISTS.

Available in both POWDER and TABLET FORMS.

A tablespoonful of the powder dissolved in glass of hot or cold water or a few tablets dissolved in the mouth, will prevent fatigue & restore energy.

Sold by Chemists and Stores.  
In 3 sizes, 1/6, 2/6 & 1/- (in England)

**HORLICK'S MALTED MILK COMPANY, SLOUGH, BUCKS., ENGLAND**

THE EVER POPULAR  
HOUSEHOLD REMEDY

Which has now borne the Stamp of Public Approval for  
**OVER FORTY YEARS.**

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PLEASANT TO TAKE,  
REFRESHING AND INVIGORATING.

IT IS VERY BENEFICIAL IN ALL CASES OF

Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Errors in Diet—Eating or Drinking, Thirst, Giddiness, Rheumatic or Gouty Poison, Feverish Cold, with High Temperature and Quick Pulse, and Feverish Conditions generally. It is everything you could wish as a simple and Natural Health-giving Agent.

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J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'Fruit Salt' Works, London, England

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.

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Sent throughout the world in sealed envelopes for Free Postage on Payment of 2/6 for Trial Bottle of either powder or tablets. THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON. Unprincipled vendors may try to sell you something else for your money, but do not be deceived. Look for the name VETARZO on the label. The genuine has the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" on Government Stamp.

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## To-day's Advertisements

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

## SATURDAY,

the 17th March, 1917, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vieux Road, Corner of

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF BRASSWARE, comprising:—  
Carved Flower Vases, Large and Small Jardinières, Finger Bowls, &c., &c.

Terms—Cash.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers,  
Hongkong, March 14, 1917. 1575

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

## TUESDAY,

the 20th March, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vieux Road, Corner of

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, including:—  
Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture, Double and Single Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Twin Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Wagons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, (Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Roll-top Desks and Writing Tables, Sundry Electro Plated Ware, etc.,

Hang in good condition. Electric Bedding, Standard Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Engravings, etc., &c.

Tennis Rackets and Netting, &c., &c. Brass Finger Bowls, Brass Jardinières, Brass Vases, Carpets, etc. (and second hand).  
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).  
TERMS—Cash.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers,  
Hongkong, March 14, 1917. 1575

## THE CALENDAR.

MEMO FOR TO-MORROW.  
Legislative Council Meeting.

## General Memoranda.

FRIDAY, March 16:—  
11 a.m.—Auction of Rugs, Sheets, Sweater Coats, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SATURDAY, March 17:—  
St. Patrick's Day.  
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Table Cloths, Dress Materials, Boots and Shoes, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.  
4.30 p.m.—Matinee by Sandakan Opera Co. in aid of Entertainment Fund for men of H. M. Services.

MONDAY, March 19:—  
Police Reserve Orchestra at Government House.  
5.30 p.m.—Launching of the s.s. "Kwai-sang" at Kowloon Dock.

WEDNESDAY, March 21:—  
St. Paul's College Athletic Sports on Race Course, Happy Valley.

MONDAY, March 26:—  
4 p.m.—Annual General Meeting of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

TUESDAY, March 27:—  
11.30 a.m.—Green Island Cement Co.'s Meeting.  
Noon.—Queen's College Athletic Sports on College Ground, Causeway Bay.

WEDNESDAY, March 28:—  
4 p.m.—Annual General Meeting of the Association of Exporters and Dealers of Hongkong.

THURSDAY, March 29:—  
2.15 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture at "Braeside," 29 Macdonnell Road.

FRIDAY, March 30:—  
11.30 a.m.—Hongkong Ice Co.'s Meeting.  
Noon.—Hongkong Fire Insurance Co.'s Meeting.

THURSDAY, March 29:—  
Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement Day.

FRIDAY, March 30:—  
Noon.—China Sugar Refining Co.'s Meeting.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A class for "Beginners" in Chinese will be started at the H. K. Chamber of Commerce Chinese Language School on Monday, April 2nd.

The annual Athletic Sports in connection with St. Paul's College take place at Happy Valley on Wednesday next. Mrs. Lander has kindly consented to distribute the prizes.

A new steamer for the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., is to be launched at the Kowloon Docks next Monday. The steamer will bear the name "Kwai-sang."

The Annual General Meeting of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce has been fixed for 28th inst., to be followed by a special Extraordinary Meeting; and that of the Association of Exporters and Dealers of Hongkong for 27th inst.

The import and export trade of the Philippine Islands for the month of January showed a total amounting to P20,193,302. As compared with the corresponding month of the year previous this showed a total increase of P363,967. There was a P1,312,872 increase in imports, and a decrease in island exports amounting to P948,905.

While Filipinos emigrate to Hawaii leaving their fertile uncultivated lands, says a Manila contemporary, the Japanese immigrate in the islands in considerable numbers, and engage in all pursuits, specially in agriculture. Numbering about 200, there recently arrived in the city Japanese labourers contracted to work on the Mindanao plantations. The boarding houses on Calle Eldorado and Calle Globo are filled to the limit with these labourers who are waiting for the boats that are to take them to their destination.

The first annual meeting of the American Chamber of Commerce of China was held at Shanghai last week when the following were elected to the executive committee: Messrs. C. H. Blake, W. A. Burns, J. J. Connell, L. Everett, A. S. Fobes, J. W. Gallagher, E. K. Howe, J. H. McMichael, N. T. Saunders, P. F. Wisner, B. Atwood, Robinson and W. C. Sprague, all but the last two being members of the 1916 committee. The election for officers resulted in the choice of Mr. W. A. Burns for President, Mr. W. C. Sprague for Vice-President and Mr. P. L. Bryant for Secretary. The report of the retiring President, Mr. J. H. McMichael, was adopted and a vote of thanks given him for his efforts on the Chamber's behalf.

## FOOD PRICES IN HONGKONG.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. POLLOCK, K.C., has given notice of his intention to ask the following questions at to-morrow's meeting of the Legislative Council:—

1.—On what date did the Committee, which was appointed by His Excellency the Governor to fix from time to time the maximum price for which any article of food may be sold by retail in the Colony, issue their last price list setting forth such maximum price?

2.—Will His Excellency the Governor direct another Meeting of such Committee to be held at an early date for the purpose of fixing a maximum price for articles of food?

3.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the schedule of maximum prices in the Government Proclamation, which paragraph runs as follows:—  
"The prices of provisions imported from countries other than China (excepting those above enumerated) may not be raised more than 15 per cent. above the retail prices prevailing in the Colony on the 25th July, 1914."

Is it not the fact that the prices of the following imported provisions, namely, golden syrup, jam, cheese, mustard, table salt and bacon have been raised more than 15 per cent. above the retail prices prevailing in the Colony on the 25th July, 1914?

## HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED.

We are officially informed, that subject to audit, the General Managers and Consulting Committee of the Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., will recommend at the forthcoming meeting of shareholders to be held on 28th instant, the payment out of the profits for the year 1915 of a dividend of \$27.00 per share absorbing \$216,000; to pass \$15,000 to credit of Reinsurance Fund; \$203,140.51 to credit of Investment and Exchange Fluctuation Account; and to carry forward \$467,997.73 in respect of the year 1916.

## THE LAW COURTS.

Before Sir William Rees Davies, the Chief Justice, this morning, Lau Shun Cho, of 12 Chancery Lane, Victoria, claimed from Young King Shung, of 120 Canton Road, Kowloon, damages for breach of a building contract dated November 13, 1916: the defendant having refused to carry out the contract. Plaintiff claims \$1,000 and costs. Mr. Agassiz appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. R. C. Faithful for the defendant.

In opening the case Mr. Agassiz said that the plaintiff purchased a plot of land on Kennedy Road on which to build four houses. The building contract was put out to tender and on November 13, 1916, the defendant's was found to be the lowest tender and he secured the contract. The plans and other documents were signed by the defendant and the work should have been commenced on November 16, but there was some delay owing to the defendant being unable to get stone. After a delay of six weeks defendant asked to be released from his contract and correspondence passed, the result of which was that plaintiff agreed to cancel the contract on payment of \$500 immediately. This amount was not paid and the defendant refused to go on with the work. The consequence was that fresh tenders had to be called for and the lowest was \$61,000 an increase on defendant's tender of \$3,500. A further loss had been sustained, as the building of the houses had been delayed for three months, thereby incurring a loss of rental on the four houses for that period. The plaintiff claimed \$1,000 only in order to secure summary jurisdiction.

Evidence was taken as to the signing of the contract and the defendant's failure to carry out the work. After hearing defendant's evidence His Lordship passed judgment in favour of the plaintiff.

## THE SUSPICIOUS DOCUMENTS CASE.

Mr. Justice Gompertz, resumed the hearing of the action brought by the Official Receiver (Mr. Carmichael) against the Po Yuen, Ma Che Lung and Lee Lysam, this morning.

Mr. Chan Kang Yu, Comptroller of Messrs Douglas Lapraik & Co., cross-examined by Mr. C. G. Alabaster, said that he would, in practice, always put "Tik Pat" (own handwriting) on any important document.

Do you find the words "Tik Pat" on these two promissory notes? (shown)

—No.  
For that reason do you consider that they are not legal?—They have the Po Leung Hin Kei chop on them.

Questioned as to whether he thought a document was a forgery if it did not contain the words "Tik Pat," witness said, "I should always do it myself."

Ku Yin San has not put "Tik Pat" on those notes; do you consider them forgeries for that reason?—I do not care what other people do, I should put "Tik Pat" myself. I cannot say that the notes are forgeries, and it is Ku Yin San's business if he is in the habit of not including the words "Tik Pat."

Would you consider a letter to a bank guaranteeing payment of an amount from one person to another an important document?—Yes.

Here is a guarantee for an overdraft for \$100,000 signed by Ku Yin San; would you have put "Tik Pat" on that document?—Yes.

Now you have seen five documents signed by Ku Yin San without "Tik Pat" on them?—Yes.

And it does not appear to be his practice to put "Tik Pat" on documents signed by him?—I don't know Ku Yin San's handwriting. I did not come here for this. I only came to say what had been decided in the Chamber of Commerce. I am a busy man and I want to go away and attend to my work.

His Lordship—We are investigating a very important case and you will not be assisting the Court by not giving evidence on this matter.

Further questioned by His Lordship witness said, "I do not know whether it is Ku Yin San's practice to put 'Tik Pat' on documents signed by him, or not."

After hearing further evidence by Mr. S. W. Tso, solicitor, and Mr. J. H. Seth, the accountant who audited the books and prepared a balance sheet of the company, the Court adjourned.

## HIS TWENTY-SECOND CHILD.

Considerable interest was evinced recently in the disposal of racehorses in training and yearlings belonging to the Duke of Westminster, and Messrs. J. Buchanan and L. Neumann at Newmarket, when 35,110 guineas was obtained for eighty-one horses, an average of 433 guineas.

## THE MAGISTRACY.

## LARCENY AND ASSAULT.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning, a Chinese was charged with attempting to steal a sum of money from the person of a contractor in Reclamation street, Yau-mat, and two other Chinese were charged with assaulting the complainant in an unsuccessful effort to prevent the first defendant's arrest.

On the application of Mr. P. W. Goldring, who appeared as solicitor for the defendants, the case was remanded until Saturday, bail being fixed at \$300 for the first defendant and \$50 for the other two defendants.

## POCKET PICKING.

Whilst passing along Des Vieux Road near Sincere Company's store yesterday afternoon, a shopkeeper, who was collecting money, was jostled by a man who simultaneously extracted \$250 in bank notes from the shopkeeper's coat pocket. The shopkeeper seized the thief and shouted, "stealing money!" whereupon the thief threw the bank notes in the road, broke away from his captor, and took to his heels. He was caught, however, by a Reserve constable, who, although off duty and in civilian clothes, was a witness to the incident.

When the man was brought before Mr. Melbourne this morning and charged with pocket-picking and larceny, it was learned that he had just returned from banishment and had served a previous conviction for a similar offence.

After hearing the evidence His Worship sentenced the defendant to three months' hard labour and four hours' stocks, in lieu of the last day of the imprisonment.

## JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

Four small boys were seen stealing nails from a shipyard in Chung Sau Wan by a man employed in the yard. As he approached the boys, they ran away but he gave chase and succeeded in catching one of the fugitives. The boy was delivered into custody and whilst directing a constable to his residence he pointed out, one of his companions, whereupon the second boy was arrested.

When the two lads appeared before Mr. Wood this morning, they stated that they had been sent to steal the nails by a man who threatened to beat them if they refused to do it.

After evidence was heard one of the boys was discharged, but the other was sentenced to receive ten strokes of the birch and be detained in Victoria goal for 24 hours.

## THEFT OF BRICKS.

The theft of bricks from a contractor engaged in erecting a building in Wanchai was reported to the Police. As a result, the building was watched and a number of coolies arrested. They stated, however, they had been employed to remove the bricks. On this information their employer was taken into custody and brought before Mr. Wood this morning.

After hearing the case His Worship sentenced the defendant to three months' hard labour.

## A VAGABOND AND ROGUE.

In Mr. Melbourne's Court this morning an unemployed Chinese was charged with being a vagabond and rogue.

In appeared the defendant had been arrested on the first floor of Messrs Whiteaway and Laidlaw's store by an Indian watchman employed on the premises and could give no explanation as to his presence in the building.

Evidence was taken and the defendant, who had served two previous convictions, was sentenced to 14 days' hard labour and four hours' stocks.

## FAILED TO REPORT A SMALL-POX CASE.

A Chinese woman was fined \$25 this morning by Mr. Melbourne for failing to report a case of smallpox. The alternative was a month's imprisonment.

## THE MARINE COURT.

In the Marine Court this morning, before Commander C. W. Beekwith, R.N., Harbour Master and Marine Magistrate, the Captain Superintendent of Police charged Ernest G. Andrew, second mate of s.s. Pak Hoi, with unlawfully refusing to join his ship and absconding himself therefrom on March 13 and 14. Mr. John Dewar, Marine Superintendent of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, deposed that the master of the Pak Hoi reported yesterday that the second officer, Andrews, had gone ashore the evening before with leave until that night, the ship being under sailing orders for the next morning at daylight. Communication with the police was made and defendant was arrested at 10 o'clock p.m. He stated that the conduct of the defendant had delayed the ship for more than 36 hours.

Evidence was taken. Defendant said in defence that he had only just come ashore for a drink. He was quite sober.

## CHINA AND THE WAR.

## ACTIVITY IN GOVERNMENT CIRCLES.

(Wah Tat Yat Po's Service.)

Peking, March 13.  
Two important mandates will be issued to-day relating to the Sino-German situation.

Telegrams are being prepared for dispatch to the United States and the Allied Nations.

In view of the development in the political situation the War Council met yesterday.

Certain influential persons have suggested to the Government the advisability of creating a National Council consisting of prominent ex-statement to discuss the situation.

The Government has appointed Luk Ching Cheong as Special Delegate to negotiate with the Entente Ministers as to China joining the Allies, as he has been negotiating informally on the subject hitherto.

Sun Yat Sen's telegram to Mr. Lloyd George opposing China joining the Entente is very unpopular in diplomatic circles.

It is reported that the Foreign Department has instructed Ngan Wai Hing, the Chinese Minister, to prepare to leave Germany, and has asked the Mexican Minister to take charge of Chinese interests.

## GERMAN BANK SEIZES SALT SURPLUS.

The German Bank has notified the Government that it will retain last month's salt surplus \$700,000, for the payment of debts owed by the Chinese Government.

## THE SHANGHAI RECREATION FUND.

## VALUABLE CRICKET FIELDS.

The forty-seventh annual report of the trustees of the Shanghai Recreation Fund, contains the following items of interest:—

Present Value of the Land.—By the new assessment the Race Course Property is valued at Tls. 12,000 a mow, and the 430 mow, area, therefore, worth Tls. 5,160,000. Taking the mow at 7,280 square feet and the total as the equivalent of 1,165 ounces, we have 3,121,800 square feet of land worth more than \$600,000 a standard ounce of silver, or nearly 4 ounces to the square foot, an amount sufficient to provide for a thick coating of silver for the whole area—mud-course, creeks, roads, buildings, and everything else. With land of such value, the area needed for a cricket or baseball match is worth to the full a quarter of a million taels.

As has been mentioned, the income from the Race Course property has slightly increased; but, after expenditure has been deducted, the net return to the Trustees, taken in conjunction with the new assessment, is no more than about one-fortieth of one per cent.

It was in view of such facts as this that the Golf and Polo Clubs last year made voluntary contributions to the Recreation Fund of Tls. 100 and \$100 respectively. These sums would have been larger but for the results of the war in increased membership. Other clubs have expressed their willingness to follow this excellent example, and if there were a general understanding to the effect that each player using the ground regularly should give a single dollar per annum to the fund—the contribution being purely voluntary—the Trustees would soon have a sum sufficient to aid growing districts remote from this central position. During past years the community has gladly availed itself of the privileges secured by the foresight of our predecessors, but comparatively little has been done for those who are to follow. The Hongkew Park and the Western Park have been acquired, in each case with the assistance of the Trustees, and there is just now an area which should be secured without fail, but there is a crying need in many parts of the settlement for playing spaces for children, such as the Olympic Garden. It is too late now to get those within the more populous quarters, but little plots in the outskirts could easily be secured if only the Trustees had their funds increased in the manner suggested.

## A LIFE SAVER.

It is safe to say that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has saved the lives of more people and relieved more suffering than any other remedy in existence. It is known all over the civilized world for its speedy cure of colic, in the stomach, diarrhoea and all intestinal pains. It is sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## SPORTING.

## YACHTING.

## ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

The result of the eighth of the series of the Club Championship Races for the Handicap, One Design, and Heyward Bays and Guel Classes are as follows:—

## TANICAP CLASS.

Course—Lymanus Beacon (P), Cust Rocks Buoy (P), Lymanus Beacon (P). Distance 10.1 miles.

Yacht	Course	Time	Corrected
Dione	Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55
Scratch	4:43:55	4:43:55	4:43:55

## ONE DESIGN CLASS.

Course—Channel Rock (P), Cust Rocks (P), Chan Si Rock (S). Distance 6.9 miles.

Yacht	Course	Time	Corrected
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25
Scratch	4:18:25	4:18:25	4:18:25

## HEYWARD BAYS AND GUEL CLASS.

Course—Channel Rock (P), Cust Rocks Buoy (P), Channel Rocks (S). Distance 6.5 miles.

Yacht	Course	Time	Corrected
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48
Scratch	4:23:48	4:23:48	4:23:48

## THESE EVENTS WERE CONTESTED IN A STRONG E.N.E. WIND WITH HEAVY SEA RUNNING.

Several of the yachts were forced to give up the race through accident.

The margin of time with which the Dione won her race again demonstrates the heavy weather qualities of the yacht and reflects great credit on Miss Phoebe May, who accompanied by Miss Iris May, steered the boat to victory.

The weather conditions recalls a race sailed over the same course some years ago when the Dione won a championship race steered by His Excellency Sir F. H. May, K.C.M.G., who rounding the Cust Rock Buoy dislocated his right arm but nevertheless stuck to the tiller and won out.

The ninth and last race for the Championships will be sailed off on Saturday 17th inst. Course Stonecutters Island (Starboard).

## CRUISER CHAMPIONSHIP.

The results of the fourth of the series of Cruiser Championship Races is as follows:—

## ENGLISH RIG.

Course—Chung Chau Island (S). Distance 22 miles.

Yacht	Course	Time	Corrected
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54

## CHINESE RIG.

Course—Chung Chau Island (S). Distance 22 miles.

Yacht	Course	Time	Corrected
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	4:45:54
Scratch	4:45:54	4:45:54	



## TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN GREAT BRITAIN.

## CRISIS "MISSING FIRE."

## SOME RESIGNATIONS EXPECTED.

LONDON, March 13.—The Lobby Correspondent of *The Times* says the political crisis is "missing fire." The Lancashire members are divided in opinion and the Parliamentary Free Trade Committee will not participate in the agitation.

LATER.

An urgent Whip has been issued by the Government, the objection being a "vital division," to-morrow when the Mr. Han, Austin Chamberlain, Secretary of State for India, moves a resolution approving of India's War Loan of £100,000,000. It is noteworthy that the motion does not refer to the increase in cotton duties but it is anticipated that 30 Lancashire members will vote against the Government. The Nationalists have not decided upon their course of action but the Labour members have decided that members may vote as they please.

The *Daily Chronicle* is confident that the fallacy of Mr. Asquith will not oppose the Government, thus precipitating the calamity of a general election.

The Lobby Correspondent of the *Daily News* states that Tariff Reformers are intriguing to force an election.

It is rumored that Sir Frederick Cavley, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, Mr. A. H. Hingworth, Postmaster-General, and Mr. John Walsh, Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury (all Lancashire members), are threatening to resign because they were not informed of the Government's decision to increase the duties.

The *Daily News*, in an editorial, states that the Government may survive to-morrow, but its authority will be fundamentally shaken.

## "CLOSURE" REVIVED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, March 12.—The "Closure" was applied in the House of Commons yesterday evening for the first time since the war began.

The occasion was the National Service Bill.

The Radical and Nationalist opposition was so vigorous that the report stage was not finished when the debate adjourned.

Mr. W. M. R. Pringle, Liberal member for Lanark, moved a new clause providing for Parliamentary control of the acts of the Director-General of National Service.

"After the debate in which the severity of the House of Commons to the Prussianism of the Government" was among the epithets employed by Mr. Pringle's supporters, Mr. Cave, K.C., Home Secretary, intimated that Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Director-General of National Service, had agreed to the appointment of an Advisory Committee.

Mr. Cave then moved the closure amidst shouts of "Gag."

Mr. Pringle's motion was defeated by 162 votes to 97.

The Nationalist motion that the act should not apply to Ireland was defeated by 48 votes to 73.

On the re-application of the closure, the Nationalist amendment providing for a separate Director-General of National Service for Ireland was being debated.

The House adjourned.

## MR. GERARD REACHES HOME.

New York, March 13.—Mr. Gerard, ex-Ambassador to Berlin, has arrived at Havana.

Key West, March 13.—Mr. Gerard has arrived here and proceeds by rail to Washington.

## ILLNESS OF THE DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.

LONDON, March 13.—The Duchess of Connaught has passed a restless night. The bronchopneumonia persists and the heart action is weaker. There are also complications incident to Her Royal Highness' illness four years ago.

## TURKEY AND GERMANY.

## DIFFERENCES ARISING OUT OF REVERSES IN MESOPOTAMIA.

LONDON, March 13.—A telegram from Vevoy states that Rifaat Pasha has left Genoa for Turkey.

Bedri Bey, the Governor of Constantinople, has arrived in Berlin. Both missions are connected with Turkish-German differences arising out of the reverses in Mesopotamia.

## THE SOUTH EASTERN ZONE.

LONDON, March 13.—A German official report states: We took 323 Russian prisoners northwards of the Zloczow-Lampel railway.

We repulsed the French attacking between Delatida and Lake Dvessa.

## GERMAN RUTHLESSNESS.

## STORIES OF SUBMARINE PIRACY.

LONDON, March 13.—German ruthlessness at sea is further exemplified by the sinking of the Norwegian steamer *Dalsfjord* by a German submarine on February 11th.

The Captain's wife and the officers and crew were three days in two small open boats in mid-Atlantic and suffered unspeakable hardships, one of the crew dying of exposure.

They were finally picked up by a Danish schooner.

LONDON, March 13.—The submarine which shelled the *Staradul* on Thursday morning from a distance of four miles was invisible.

The crew entered the boats and returned to the ship on the submarine submerging. They were aboard when the latter reappeared and torpedoed the *Staradul*.

The crew got away from the ship and the submarine came alongside the Captain's boat and questioned him regarding the cargo.

The submarine refused to tow the boats and again shelled the *Staradul* because she was not sinking fast enough.

It is confirmed that the fourth engineer died from exposure, and that the remainder of the crew were landed, two of whom were dead.

## THE FOOD PROBLEM IN RUSSIA.

## NO QUESTION OF A REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT.

LONDON, March 13.—Telegrams from Petrograd state that there is no scarcity of food in Russia, but a lack of transport organisation for the towns caused a decline in the supplies, especially in the capital, with consequent disquiet; but the demonstrations were unusually mild. There is no question of a revolutionary movement.

## RUSSIAN POLITICS.

PETROGRAD, March 13.—The sessions of the Duma and the Council of Empire have been suspended.

FIGHTING IN THE AIR.

## BRITISH CASUALTY RETURNS.

LONDON, March 13.—In the House of Commons, at question time, Mr. Macpherson, Parliamentary Under Secretary to the War Office, stated that the average weekly British casualties due to air fighting for the past six weeks were 7 killed, 8 wounded, 4 missing. He recalled that it was only last year, and after heavy aerial fighting at Verdun and on the British front, that our superiority in the air was established. Whereas, at the opening of last year's operations the German concentration was before Verdun, to-day it is before the British front. This move is probably connected with the retirement, hence we must expect severe contests before we can succeed in throwing the enemy seriously on the defensive.

## A SUPPLEMENTARY VOTE OF CREDIT NEEDED.

LONDON, March 13.—In the House of Commons, the Rt. Hon. A. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced a supplementary vote of credit to meet "increased and unforeseen expenditure." The vote would be moved on March 15.

## THE LATE ATLANTIC RAIDER DESCRIBED.

BRISBANE, March 12.—Fifty-nine Americans from the *Yaroslavl* have arrived at Zurich (Switzerland). They state that the raider named the *Rita*, was a new ship of 3,000 tons and a speed of 16 knots, specially built for raiding.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## THE FALL OF BAGDAD.

## "A SERIES OF BRILLIANT OPERATIONS."

## TURKS LOST HEAVILY.

LONDON, March 12.—In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law, as Leader of the House, stated that the occupation of Bagdad was the sequel of a series of brilliant operations carried out by the British and Indian troops with a dash and determination for which no praise was too high. (Cheers.) He recalled that after the severe fighting on the right bank of the Tigris, in which heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy, General Maude's crossing of the river near Kut imperilled the safety of the Turkish army in Mesopotamia. The enemy immediately retired to Bagdad. General Maude pursued with the utmost energy, and not only were large numbers made prisoners and quantities of material of all kinds taken during the pursuit, but there was good reason to believe that nearly two-thirds of the whole of the enemy's artillery either fell into our hands or was thrown into the Tigris.

On March 5th, our cavalry came up with the Turkish rearguard, 27 miles from Bagdad. After an action the Turks abandoned their prepared position. On March 7th, the cavalry found the enemy in position on the Dials river, an affluent of the Tigris, a formidable obstacle over thirty yards wide, and unfordable. General Maude, therefore, withdrew his cavalry and brought his infantry into action. The Turks meanwhile received reinforcements from Bagdad and a formidable resistance was offered on the Dials.

On March 11th, General Maude bridged the Tigris at the point of confluence with the Dials. Thereupon his cavalry crossed, supported by troops on the right bank. Despite the heat and the dust, the troops brilliantly marched 18 miles, finding the enemy strongly entrenched six miles south-west of Bagdad. The enemy was immediately driven back two miles.

On March 8th, the troops fighting on the Dials established a footing on the northern bank. During March 9th, and 10th, the troops on the right bank, despite dust storms, pressed their advantage, driving the enemy back to within three miles of the outskirts of Bagdad. Simultaneously troops gained the passage of the river, forcing the enemy upon Bagdad, which they entered on the morning of March 11th.

General Maude thus completed his victory at Kut by a pursuit of 110 miles, in which the Tigris was crossed three times. (Cheers.) The pursuit was conducted in country destitute of supplies, and despite the commencement of the summer heat. Apart from the skill and vigour of the leadership and the valour and endurance of the troops, both British and Indian, such operations are only possible in such country after thorough, systematic and most careful arrangements for supply. The fact that General Maude was not only able to feed and munition his army and assure proper attention for sick and wounded, but was able to report that he can provide necessities for the army in Bagdad, reflects the greatest credit on the General Staff and all concerned. (Cheers.)

GAS ATTACKS REFUSED BY RUSSIANS.

LONDON, March 12.—A Russian communiqué reports: We repulsed enemy gas attacks south-west of Lake Naroch, south-east of Kovell.

THE SITUATION IN EAST AFRICA.

## STATEMENT BY GENERAL SMUTS.

LONDON, March 12.—General Smuts, interviewed by Reuters' representative, said that the only thing delaying the absolute end of the German East Africa campaign is the prevalence of the rainy season until May, when the Germans will be compelled to surrender or enter Portuguese territory, where the Portuguese are quite prepared to handle them. The enemy only consisted of a remnant of the army.

Practically all the South African white troops had departed, the native battalions whom he had raised owing to the unfavourable climate remaining to finish up.

General Smuts spoke in high terms of the natives' magnificent infantry work, and said they would shortly be available for service elsewhere. Nothing had given greater pleasure than Mr. Long's statement that no German Colony would be returned to Germany. The mere suggestion was preposterous. He shuddered to think what would happen to the natives if any part were returned. The natives had supported us magnificently and our prestige in the east would suffer.

## SUBMARINISM.

## ITALIAN WEEKLY REPORT.

ROME, March 13.—It is officially stated that for the week ended March 8th the arrivals at Italian ports were 493, totalling 391,211 tons. There were 444 sailings, totalling 316,301 tons. The sinkings were four steamers and three sailing vessels.

## AMERICA'S "ARMED NEUTRALITY."

## OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The State Department has notified the foreign diplomats that American ships traversing the German submarine zone will carry "an armed guard for the protection of the vessel and the lives of persons aboard."

It is expected that European vessels plying to American ports will take advantage of the new ruling of the State Department permitting vessels to be armed for as well as afloat.

## THE GRAND FLEET'S CONGRATULATIONS.

LONDON, March 12.—The Press Bureau announces that Admiral Sir David Beatty, through General Sir W. Robertson, has conveyed to General Maude the Grand Fleet's admiration of and congratulations upon his magnificent achievement in capturing Bagdad.

## BRITISH OPERATIONS ON WESTERN FRONT.

## CONTINUOUS AIR FIGHTING.

LONDON, March 12.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—We slightly improved our position north-eastward of Bouchavesnes and entered trenches in the same neighbourhood, securing prisoners.

We raided trenches southward of Arras and bombed dug-outs, despite strong resistance, inflicting many casualties.

Air fighting has been continuous. Nine enemy machines were brought down or driven down, four of which are known to have been destroyed. Five of ours are missing.

## FURTHER PROGRESS IN THE CHAMPAGNE.

## FRENCH SUCCESSES.

LONDON, March 13.—A French official message states:—In the Champagne we re-attacked in the afternoon the German position west of Maisons de Champagne and captured on a mile front all the enemy trenches, also Hill 185. We entered a fortified work thereon and took a hundred prisoners. There was an artillery duel on both banks of the Meuse.

The Germans in the afternoon bombarded the open town of Soissons with incendiary shells, causing several fires.

## RUSSIANS ROUT TURKS NEAR HAMADAN.

LONDON, March 12.—A Russian communiqué states:—We occupied Rissoton, in the region of Hamadan, on March 8th, after routing the Turks, who withdrew to Hadjiabad, hard pressed by us.

## THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK.

## BIG INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

The report of the Board of Directors covering a period of from May 2, 1916, to March 5, 1917, states:—The actual paid-in capital of the bank on the date of its inauguration was P3,286,451.04, which included P1,299,000.00, the total amount of agricultural loans taken over by this institution from the late Agricultural Bank of the Philippine Government as part payment of the capital stock subscribed for by the Government.

"The period from May 2 until July 22 was consumed in the preparation of adequate quarters and in the training of sufficient personnel to perform the functions of the institution. Although from the date of inauguration we continued to pass upon and grant agricultural loans it was not until July 22, when we moved into our present quarters, 84-96 Escolta, that we began active, actual commercial operations. Our total resources on the date mentioned have been as follows:—

On May 2, 1916 ..... P10,947,930.80  
On July 22, 1916 ..... 31,414,861.70  
On Dec. 31, 1916 ..... 50,786,478.50  
On Feb. 28, 1917 ..... 63,885,082.66

"These resources do not include capital subscribed for or capital not paid in."

The President of the Bank is Mr. Samuel Fergerson. The new directors chosen are: William H. Anderson, re-elected; Leon Rosenthal, re-elected; Venancio Concepcion, vice-president and ex-officio director; V. Singson Encarnacion, re-elected; Vicente Madrigal, elected to take the place of Dr. Willis; and Enrique Brian Roxas, elected to take the place of Teodoro R. Yango.

## TROUBLE AVERTED.

THAT little cold and sore throat of mine must be checked at once or it may develop into something worse. Take a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and your troubles will soon vanish. For sale by A. C. Colombo and Storekeepers.

## THE UNITED STATES AND GERMANY.

## PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

## ANNOUNCING THE SEVERANCE OF RELATIONS.

Following is the text of President Wilson's speech to Congress announcing the severance of relations with Germany:—

Gentlemen of the Congress:—The Imperial German Government on the thirty-first day of January announced to this Government and to the Government of the other neutral nations that on and after the first day of February, the present month, it would adopt a policy with regard to the use of submarines against all shipping seeking to pass through certain designated areas of the high seas which it is clearly my duty to call your attention to.

Let me remind the Congress that on the eighth of April last, in view of the sinking on the twenty-fourth of March of the cross-Channel passenger steamer *Sussex* by a German submarine without warning or warning, and the consequent loss of the lives of several citizens of the United States who were passengers aboard her, this Government made the following declaration:—

If it is still the purpose of the Imperial German Government to prosecute relentless and indiscriminate warfare against vessels of commerce by the use of submarines, without regard to what the Government of the United States must consider the sacred and indisputable rules of international law and the universally recognized dictates of humanity, the Government of the United States is at last forced to the conclusion that there is but one course it can pursue. Unless the Imperial Government should now immediately declare and effect an abandonment of its present methods of submarine warfare against passenger and freight-carrying vessels the Government of the United States can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the German Empire altogether.

It is in reply to this declaration that the Imperial German Government gave this Government the following assurance:—

The German Government is prepared to do its utmost to confine the operations of war for the rest of its duration to the fighting forces of the belligerents, thereby also insuring the freedom of the seas; a principle upon which the German Government has heretofore acted before, to its agreement with the Government of the United States.

The German Government, guided by this idea, notifies the Government of the United States that the German naval forces have received the following orders:—In accordance with the general principles of visit and search and destruction of merchant vessels recognized by international law, such vessels, both within and without the area declared a naval war zone, shall not be sunk without warning and without saving human lives unless these ships attempt to escape or offer resistance.

But (it added) neutrals cannot expect that Germany, forced to fight for her existence, shall for the sake of neutral interest restrict the use of an effective weapon if her enemy is permitted to apply at will methods of warfare violating the rules of international law. Such a demand would be incompatible with the character of neutrality, and the German Government is convinced that the Government of the United States does not think of making such a demand, knowing that the Government of the United States has repeatedly declared that it is determined to restore the principle of the freedom of the seas, from whatever quarter it has been violated.

WARNING OF "ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY."

To this the Government of the United States replied on the eighth of May, accepting, of course, the assurance given, but adding:—

The Government of the United States feels it necessary to state that it takes it for granted that the Imperial German Government does not intend to imply that the maintenance of its newly announced policy is in any way contingent upon the course or result of diplomatic negotiations between the Government of the United States and any other belligerent Government, notwithstanding the fact that certain passages in the Imperial Government's note of the fourth instant might appear to be susceptible of that construction.

In order, however, to avoid any misunderstanding, the Government of the United States notifies the Imperial Government that it cannot for a moment entertain such less than absolute assurance that respect for German naval authorities for the rights of the citizens of the United States upon the high seas should in any way or in the slightest degree be made contingent upon the conduct of any other Government affecting the rights of neutrals and non-combatants. Responsibility in such matters is single and joint; absolute, not relative.

To this note of the eighth of May the Imperial German Government made no reply.

GERMANY'S LATEST NOTICE OF "RUTHLESSNESS."

On the thirty-first of January, the Wednesday of the present week, the German Ambassador handed to the Secretary of State, the following statement:—

The Imperial Government, therefore, does not doubt that the Government of the United States will understand the situation thus forced upon Germany by the Entente Allies and the methods of war by their determination to destroy the Central Powers, and that the Government of the United States will further realize that the now openly disclosed intention of the Entente Allies, given to Germany the freedom of action which she reserved in her note addressed to the Government of the United States on May 4, 1916.

Under these circumstances, Germany will meet the illegal measures of her enemies by forcibly preventing after February 1, 1917, in zones around Great Britain, France, Italy and in the eastern Mediterranean, all navigation, that of neutrals included, from and to England and from and to France, etc. All ships met within the zone will be sunk.

TO ALTERNATIVE BUT A BREAK.

I think that you will agree with me that in view of this declaration, which suddenly and without prior intimation of any kind deliberately withdrew the solemn assurance given in the Imperial Government's note of May 4, 1916, this Government has no alternative but to sever diplomatic relations with the United States and to take the course which, in its note of April 18, 1915, it

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The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has classes it among the most valuable of its kind, in cases of Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing, or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm, from its Tonic and Astringent virtues it prevents its formation, and allays irritation of the membranes of the throat and chest, rendering those delicate parts less susceptible of future irritation and disease.

DOSE.—From ten drops to one tea-spoonful according to age and circumstances, to be taken three or four times a day, or when the Cough is troublesome.

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HONGKONG.

announced that it would take in the event that the German Government did not declare and effect an abandonment of the methods of submarine warfare which it was then employing and to which it now purposes again to resort.

I have, therefore, directed the Secretary of State to announce to the German Ambassador that all diplomatic relations between the United States and the German Empire are severed and that the American Ambassador at Berlin will immediately be withdrawn; and, in accordance with this decision, to hand to his Excellency his passport.

Notwithstanding this unexpected action of the German Government, this sudden and deeply deplorable renunciation of its assurances given this Government at one of the most critical moments of tension in the relations of the two Governments, I refuse to believe that it is the intention of the German authorities to do in fact what they have warned us they will feel at liberty to do. I cannot bring myself to believe that they will indeed pay no regard to the responsibility between their people and our own or to the solemn obligations which have been exchanged between them, and destroy American ships and take the lives of American citizens in the willful prosecution of the ruthless naval program they have announced that they intend to adopt. Only actual overt acts on their part can make me believe it even now.

PREPARED TO TAKE FURTHER STEPS.

If this invertebrate confidence on my part in the sobriety and prudent foresight of their purpose should unhappily prove unfounded; if American ships and American lives should in fact be sacrificed by their naval commanders in heedless contravention of the just and reasonable understandings of international law and the obvious dictates of humanity, I shall take the liberty of coming again before the Congress to ask that authority be given me to use any means that may be necessary for the protection of our seamen and our people in the prosecution of their peaceful and legitimate errands on the high seas. I can do nothing less. I take it for granted that all neutral governments will take the same course.

We do not desire any hostile conflict with the Imperial German Government. We are sincere friends of the German people and earnestly desire to remain at peace with the Government which speaks for them. We shall not believe that they are hostile to us unless and until we are obliged to believe it and we purpose nothing more than the reasonable defense of the undoubted rights of our people.

We wish to serve no selfish ends. We seek liberally to stand true allies in thought and in action to the immortal principles of our people which I have sought to express in my address to the Senate only two weeks ago; seek merely

to vindicate our rights to liberty and justice and an un molested life. These are the bases of peace and war. God grant that we may not be challenged to defend them by acts of willful injustice on the part of the Government of Germany!

## HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

## SERVICE RIFLES.

All Service Rifles not yet returned to Armory will be returned on Friday, March 16th, between 5.15 and 5.45 p.m. All Exempts, Medical and otherwise, are subject to this Order.

## NO. 1 COMPANY.

Patrolmen claiming exemption from the parade on Friday, March 16th, on account of Race week duty, must forthwith produce their Standing Order Books and Armlets for inspection by their Section Commanders.

## MUSKETEER COURSE, PART II.

All men, who are qualified to fire, but have not yet fired Part II of the 1917 Course will attend the Range on Sunday, next, March 18th, leaving Blake Pier at 9 a.m., returning at about noon.

Lists of these men are being sent to Company Commanders.

The above date is the last fixture for firing the 1917 Course.

## ORCHESTRA.

Thursday, March 15th.—Practice.

Monday, March 19th.—Government House.

## RECRUITS.

The A.S.P. (R.) will examine recruits submitted by O.S. Majors for passing out at Central Station on Monday, March 19th, at 5.00 p.m.

(Sgd.) P. C. JONES.  
D.S.P. (R.).

## RUB IT IN.

A good many people think rheumatism can not be cured without taking nauseous medicine. Chamberlain's Pain Balm massaged thoroughly into the skin has cured far more rheumatism than any internal remedy in existence and gives relief quicker. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.



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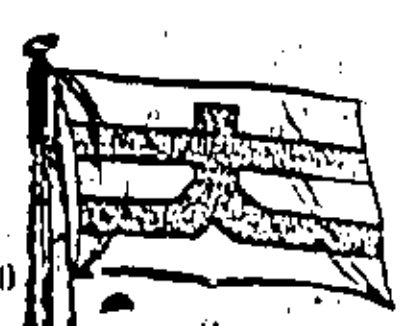
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LONDON & BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, Port Said & MARSEILLES			

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E. V. D. PARR,  
Superintendent.



## O. S. K.

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REGULAR SERVICES, PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.  
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

North American Line. For VICTORIA, SEATTLE and TACOMA, via SHANGHAI, MANILA, NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.  
(TRANS PACIFIC).  
"ETIMIA MARU".....Thursday, 15th Mar., at 3 p.m.  
"MEXICO MARU".....Saturday, 31st Mar., at 11 p.m.

FORMOSAN LINE.—For Tamsui, Keelung, Anping and Takao, via Swatow and Amoy.  
"SOSU MARU".....Thursday, 15th Mar., at 8 a.m.  
"AMAKUSA MARU".....Sunday, 18th Mar., at Noon.  
Calling at Tamsui, Keelung via Swatow and Amoy.  
These Formosan Lines will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF, near the Harbour Office, and while the steamer is alongside the wharf Telephone No. 76 will be fixed.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.—Every three months steamers proceed to Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires, via Singapore, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town.  
AUSTRALIAN LINE.—Monthly service between Japan and Adelaide, calling at Auckland, N.Z., Sydney and Melbourne.  
BOMBAY LINE.—Fortnightly service for Bombay calling at Singapore, Port Swettenham, Fremantle, Colombo. At present this line's steamers take cargo only.  
JAVA LINE.—Monthly service for Java ports calling at Manila, Sandakan and Macassar. Booking for passengers and cargo to these ports.

FOR SAILING DATES AND FURTHER PARTICULARS, APPLY AT THE OFFICE.  
H. YAMAUCHI, Manager,  
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Steamer from Hongkong	On or about	Connecting at Calcutta with	On or about
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Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

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## C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

## SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
DALNY	SHANGHAI	Mar. 13, Daylight
SHANGHAI	SHANGHAI	Mar. 13, at 4 p.m.
TSINGTAO & DALNY	SHANGHAI	Mar. 13, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	SHANGHAI	Mar. 18, Daylight
SHANGHAI	SUNNING	Mar. 20, at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	TEAN	Mar. 21, at Noon
TIENTSIN	KUICHOW	Mar. 22, at 1 p.m.

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MANILA LINE. Twin Screw Steamers "Chinhua," "Taming" & "Teau" Excellent Saloon accommodation and ships. Electric Fans fitted. Extra state rooms on deck, aft on "Taming" and "Teau".

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS & CARGO.  
S.S. "Anhui," "Cheran," "Yuechow," "Shantung," "Sinking" and "Sunning," with excellent accommodation, Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms, maintain a regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
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AGENTS

Telephone No. 36.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

## PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

For	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
HAIPHONG	KONKANG	THURSDAY, Mar. 15, at 7 a.m.
KOBE & MOJI	YUENSAO	FRIDAY, Mar. 16, Daylight
TIENTSIN	CHISHING	FRIDAY, Mar. 16, at 3 p.m.
MANILA	YUENSAO	SATURDAY, Mar. 17, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	YUENSAO	TUESDAY, Mar. 20, Daylight
HAIPHONG	YUENSAO	TUESDAY, Mar. 20, at 7 a.m.
MANILA	YUENSAO	SATURDAY, Mar. 24, at 3 p.m.
KOBE & MOJI	YUENSAO	FRIDAY, Mar. 16, Daylight

CALCUTTA LINE.—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling at Singapore and Penang.  
Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently calling at Shanghai.  
These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.  
SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.  
Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.  
MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Saturday.  
HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Haiphong when convenient.  
BORNEO LINE.—Two sailings per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by steamers having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.  
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Datu.

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Under Straits Government Passenger Regulations, all European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.  
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STEAMSHIP	CAPTAIN	LEAVING.
HAITAN	Capt. A. E. Hodgins	THURSDAY, 15th March at 11 a.m.
HAIPHONG	Capt. J. W. Evans	FRIDAY, 23rd March at 11 a.m.

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FERSIA MARU	9,000-14 knots	Mon., 16th April
KOREA MARU	18,000-18 knots	Thurs., 26th April
SIBERIA MARU	18,000-18 knots	Sat., 12th May
TENYO MARU	22,000-21 knots	Wed., 23rd May

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NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	AWA MARU, Capt. Hayashi, Tons 12,500	TUESDAY, 1st May at Noon
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	NIKKO MARU, Capt. Takeda, Tons 9,800	FRIDAY, 16th March at 10 a.m.
MOJI & KOBE	FUSHIMI MARU, Capt. Irizawa, Tons 21,000	THURSDAY, 15th Mar. at 10 a.m.
	SHIRANO MARU, Capt. H. Fraser, Tons 16,000	FRIDAY, 23rd March at 11 a.m.

FOR DATES OF DEPARTURE  
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Every kind of Footwear

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## TO ORDER



## CHERRY &amp; CO.,

PRINCE STREET.

Opposite Hongkong Hotel,  
Telephone No. 491.  
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

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SCOTLAND.—FRED. L. SIMON, 8 North St., David Street, Edinburgh.

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CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., THE APOTHECARIUS Co., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KELLY & WALES, Ltd., Singapore.

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CANTON.—PATRICK & Co.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD., 5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

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(PUBLISHED ANNUALLY)  
ENABLES traders throughout the World to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the Directory contains lists of EXPORT MERCHANTS with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply.

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## TO LET

OFFICES at 2 Connaught Road.  
 OFFICES in Kings and York Buildings.  
 HOUSES in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road.  
 HOUSES in Broadwood and Morison Terraces.  
 HOUSES on Shamone, Canton.  
 THE RETREAT No. 55, The Peak.  
 Apply to  
 THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

## TO LET

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.  
 A FLAT in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.

## LET OR FOR SALE

Kowloon Marine Lot 13 with wharf area 5,000 sq. ft. suitable for coal storage or erection of godowns.  
 Apply to  
 HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.  
 Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917.

## TO LET—IMMEDIATELY

LARGE OFFICES, Centrally Situated in Queen's Road, Fitted with electric light, telephone and sub. exchange.  
 Apply to  
 C/O "CHINA MAIL" Office, Hongkong, March 2, 1917.

## TO LET

OFFICES, 2nd Floor, St. George's Buildings.  
 Apply to  
 SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.  
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## TO LET

N.O. 41 Eglon Street.  
 Apply to  
 PERCY SMITH, SETH and FLEMING, Hongkong, Oct. 31, 1916.

## THE "CHINA MAIL"

## NOTICE

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.  
 Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.  
 All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.  
 Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is \$36 per annum; per quarter and per annum "pro rata".

The "China Mail" is delivered free to subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.  
 Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.  
 Orders for extra copies of the "China Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts., Credit 20 cts. per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty-five cents each.

Advertisements and additions to Advertisements on Pages 1, 4, 5, and 7 should be sent to the Office, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.

Advertisements and additions to Advertisements on pages 1, 4, 5, and 8 should be sent to the Office, not later than 1 p.m.

New Advertisements should be sent in before 2 p.m.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address: "Mail" Hongkong, Code: A.B.C. 5th Edition.

Telephone No. 22.

THE CHINA MAIL, LIMITED.

## EXCHANGE

Hongkong, March 14, 1917.

On London—

Bank Wire ... 2/3

On demand ... 2/3 1/2

30 days sight ... 2/3 1/2

4 months sight ... 2/4 1/8

Credit, 4 months sight ... 2/4 1/8

On New York—

On demand ... 32 1/2

Credit, 30 days sight ... 32 1/2

On Bombay—

On demand ... 30 1/2

On Calcutta—

On demand ... 30 1/2

On demand ... 30 1/2

On demand ... 30 1/2

On demand ... 30 1/2

On demand ... 30 1/2

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On demand ... 30 1/2

On demand ... 30 1/2

On demand ... 30 1/2

## ALEX. ROSS &amp; CO.

Machinery Office Phone 27.

## OUR AGENCIES:—

Napier, Ford and Humber Motor Cars.  
 Brook, Chalmers and Scammell Marine Motors.  
 Royal and Indian Motor Cycles.  
 Dursell Paints and Colourwash.  
 Optimum Stoves.  
 Jeyco Fluid.  
 Carbonyl Stationery.  
 Turner Oil and Gas Engines.  
 Simpson and Lawrence Yacht Fittings.  
 Dunlop Tyres.  
 General Accident Motor Car Insurance.

## KING EDWARD HOTEL

## Central Location.

ALL ELECTRIC TRAM PASS ENTRANCE.  
 Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.  
 European Baths and Sanitary Fittings.  
 Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

## Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.  
 TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "VICTORIA" J. WITCHELL, Manager.

## PATELL &amp; CO.

## Importers-Exporters

## Commission Agents

## HONGKONG.

## Branches:—

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
 YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.  
 BOMBAY, INDIA.

## China:—

HANKOW,  
 SHANGHAI,  
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## NORTH BRITISH &amp; MERCANTILE

## INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF

## THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE

COMPANY, LTD.,

## and

## THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS

## ASSURANCE CO.

## TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914.

Authorized Capital \$2,000,000

Subscribed Capital \$4,500,000

Paid-up Capital \$2,437,500

Reserve Funds \$3,837,047

Life & Annuity Funds \$1,587,630

Sinking Fund Account \$128,230

\$23,970,387

Revenue Fire Branch \$2,381,456

Life and Annuity 2,141,563

Revenue Marine Department 337,239

Other Receipts 25,339,223

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## POST OFFICE NOTICES.

## Particulars of outgoing and incoming

Mails will not be advertised in future.

The Post Office will forward all correspondence posted by the fastest routes.

## Correspondence addressed to enemy

subjects in China, Siam, Liberia, Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

## The Services to Germany, Austria,

Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

## LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS

## OUTWARD.

FOR WEEK-DAYS SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS

Tai O ... 5.00 P.M. 9.30 A.M.

Tai Po ... 10.00 A.M. 9.30 A.M.

Cheung Chee ... 2.00 P.M.

Shau Kok ... 4.00 P.M.

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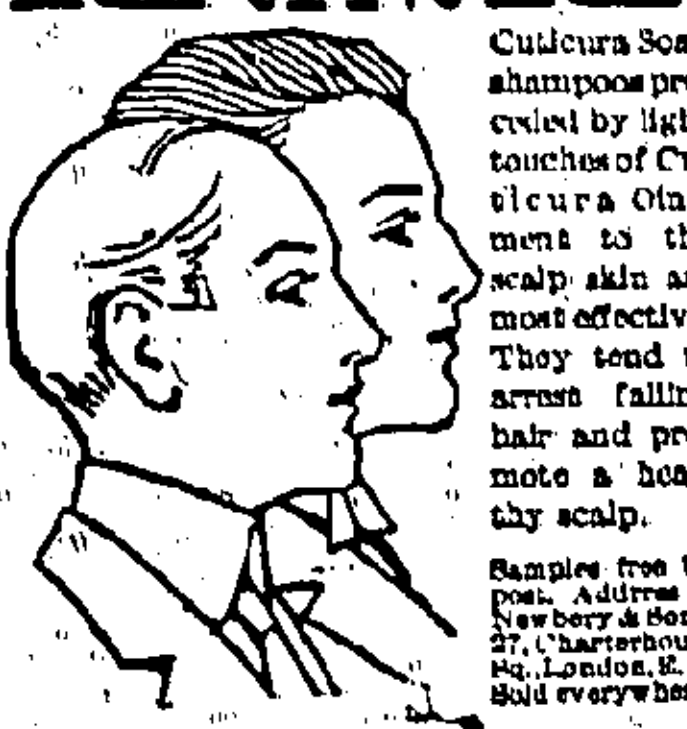
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## Shall It Be Hair or No Hair



## It Is Up to You And Cuticura

Cuticura Soap

removes dandruff

and restores the scalp

to its natural condition

It is the only hair

preparation that

is safe for the scalp

and restores the scalp

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